APA(1-2015

## M.Sc. Physics Examination

Semester - IV
Subatomic Physics
Paper No- Phys C-402 Paper Code 4753 / 3558

Time: 2 Hours 30 min

Maximum Marks 70

- Q-1 (a) Define one neutron separation energy and one proton separation energy. What is the significance of these quantities?
  (b) Describe an experimental method to determine radius of nucleus. What [08] are the types of nuclear radii? How the mean charge radius does depend on the mass number? Estimate it for O¹6 nucleus. (take r₀=1.07 fm)
- Q-1 (a) Draw the experimental binding energy per nucleon Vs. mass number [08] characteristics curve and discuss various features. With the help of this curve explain why fission of heavy nuclei and fusion of light nuclei can release energy?
  - (b) Applying Lepton conservation laws, check whether the following decay [06] are possible or not:

(c) 
$$\tau^- \rightarrow e^- + \nu_e + \nu_\tau$$
  
(d)  $\tau^- \rightarrow \mu^- + \mu^+ + \mu^-$ 

- Q-2 (a) Describe the various properties of two-nucleon force which follows from [06] empirical observations.
  - **(b)** What are exchange forces in nuclear physics?

[80]

OR

**Q-2** (a) Discuss Yukawa's theory of nuclear force.

[07]

**(b)** Explain why a di-neutron state does not exist in nature?

[07]

**Q-3 (a)** What is fissility parameter? What is its significance?

[07]

**(b)** Explain why fission of heavy nuclei and fusion of light nuclei can release energy?

## OR

Q-3	(a) Explain the thermonuclear fusion process. Compare the energy liberated in nuclear fusion and fission.	[07]
	(b) Explain the moderation process in a nuclear reactor. Give an account of energy released in the fission process.	[07]
Q-4	(a) Argue why baryons have to be three quark systems and why mesons have to be made up of a quark-antiquark pair.	[80]
	<b>(b)</b> What is meant by the color of quarks? Why is it needed? What colors quarks can have?	[06]
	OR	
Q-4	(a) What are strange particles? Why are they called so? What is associated particle production?	[07]
	(b) What are leptons and baryons? Write conservation laws in particle physics. Discuss conservation of lepton and baryon numbers in a decay of a neutron to proton.	[07]
Q-5	(a) Write a note on G.M. Counter.	[07]
	(b) Explain Gamow's theory for alpha decay.	[07]
	OR	
Q-5	(a) Discuss various experimental evidences which led to the nuclear shell structure.	[07]
	(b) What is origin the origin of $\gamma$ -gamma rays? Explain the gamma decay in detail. What are the selection rules for various $\gamma$ -transitions?	[07]