

**THIRD B.H.M.S. EXAMINATION
SURGERY-PAPER-II**

Duration:03Hrs.

Total Marks:100

Instruction:

- [1] All the Questions are compulsory.
 [2] Write the Both Sections in Separate answer book.
 [3] Draw Diagrams wherever Necessary.
 [4] Figures to the right indicate full Mark

SECTION-I

Q. 1 – Describe causes, investigations and management of Epistaxis. (15)

OR

Q. 1 – Describe types of Cataract, its causes, clinical features, investigations and auxiliary management. (15)

Q. 2 – Describe in brief about causes, clinical features, investigations, management and complications of acute Pancreatitis. (15)

OR

Q. 2 Write in Brief.

a) Define Jaundice. Describe its aetiology and pathogenesis. (8)

b) Complication of Peptic ulcer. (7)

Q. 3 – Write short notes. (Any three) (15)

1, Meniere's disease. 2. Nasal polyps.

3. Hiatus hernia. 4. Squint.

5. Types of fracture.

Q. 4 MCQs. (5)

1. The most common complication of hiatus hernia is,

- a) Esophagitis
- b) aspiration pneumonia
- c) volvulus
- d) esophageal stricture

2. the most common site of intestinal obstruction in gall stone ileus is,

- a) Jejunum
- b) Ileum
- c) Transverse colon
- d) Sigmoid colon

3. An optic nerve injury may result in all of the following except,

- a) Loss of vision in that eye
- b) Dilatation of pupil
- c) Ptosis
- d) Loss of light reflex

4. Which one of the following is the complication of "Meckel's Diverticulum"?

- a) Retinal detachment
- b) Hemorrhoids
- c) Peptic ulcer
- d) Corneal ulcer

5. Marked tenderness with severe pain at McBurney's point is a diagnostic feature of,

- a) Salpingitis
- b) Appendicitis
- c) Ovaritis
- d) Cystitis

SECTION-II

Q-1 , Describe vause of Hemorrhoid of **Phosphorus** And **Silicea** and

Give characteristic symptoms with modality of **Phosphorus** and **Silicea**

15

OR

Q-1 Describe cause of **Paralytic Ilium** according to pathogenesis of **Plumbum M** and

Alumina nd Give characteristic symptoms with modality of **Plumbum** and **Alumina**

Q-2. Describe cause **Hoarseness of voice** according to pathogenesis of **Belladonna** and

Arg-Nit and Give characteristic symptoms with modality of **Belladonna** and **Arg-Nit** 15

OR

Q-2,A, (1)Umbelical hernia - Chelidonium

08

(2) Nasal polyp – Apis M

B. (1) Ptosis ---Alumina

07

(2) Conjunctivitis---Belladonna

Q-3. Write short notes(3 out of 5)

15

(1) Toothache – Coffea cruda

(2) Orchitis-Pulsatilla

(3) Mastitis- Cal Carb.

(4) Cystitis---Cantharis

(5) Goitre ---Iodinu

Q-4 MCQ

05

1)_____ having dim vision during convulsion.

(a)Hallaborus (b)Arg Nit (c) Coculous (d)Aconit N

2)._____ having Alkaline Urine.

(a)Cal Phos (b)Anonis V (c) Acid-Phos (d) Lil-Tig

3) _____ Having Inky urine.

(a)Helleborus (b) Cantharis (c)Apis (d)Acid Phos

4)_____ Having Tinnitus due to Degenaration of nerve.

(a)Belladonna (b)Baryta Mur (c) Kali Carb (d) Capsicum

5) _____ is haviing Sense of smell hyper sensitive to Tobacco

(a)Grephitis (b) Bellanona (c)Alium Cepa (d)Gelsemium