

April - 2016

Paper Code : 4625

Semester VI Statistics  
Paper ST - 601 [ Mathematical Statistics- III ]

Date: / /

Time:  $2\frac{1}{2}$  hours

Marks: 70

Instructions:

1. All questions are compulsory.
2. Each question carries 14 marks.
3. Statistical tables will be provided on request.
4. Use of scientific calculator is allowed.

- Q 1. a) State cumulative distribution function of a random variable  $X$ . If  $X$  has a rectangular distribution over  $(m, n)$ , then find variance using m.g.f. of a random variable  $X$ . 06
- b) State and prove additive property of Cauchy distribution. 08
- OR
- Q. 1. a) If  $X$  follows uniform distribution over  $(0, 1)$ , and for constants  $b$  and  $c$ , such that  $b < c$ , if  $Y = (c - b)X + b$ , then find the distribution of  $Y$ . 06
- b) State the probability distribution function of double exponential distribution and derive the expression for its variance. 08
- Q 2. a) State probability distribution function of Cauchy Distribution. State its properties. 07
- b) Derive Snedecor's  $F$  distributions. 07
- OR
- Q 2. a) Describe the limiting form of  $t$  - distribution. 06
- b) Derive the expression for central moments of  $t$  - distribution. 06
- Q 3. a) If  $X$  has  $F$  distribution with parameters or d.f  $(5, 10)$ , then find  $a$  and  $b$  such that  $P(X \leq a) = 0.05$ ,  $P(X \leq b) = 0.95$  and  $P(a < X < b) = 0.90$  06
- b) Given that a r. v.  $X$  follows an Snedecor's  $F$  distribution with  $(m, n)$  d.f. then show that  $Y = \frac{1}{X}$  follows Snedecor's  $F$  distribution with  $(n, m)$  d.f. 08
- OR
- Q 3. a) If a random variable  $X$  has  $F$  distribution with df  $(p, q)$ , then find the mode of  $X$ . 08
- b) For a  $t$  Probability distribution with 14 d.f. determine a constant  $b$  such that  $P(-b < t < b) = 0.90$  06
- Q 4. a) In usual notations, derive the equation of plane of regression of  $X_1$  on  $X_2$  and  $X_3$ . 08
- b) State and prove the properties of residuals. 06

OR

Q 4. a) Show that, (in usual notations) 05

$$(1 - R_{1.23}^2) = (1 - r_{12}^2) \cdot (1 - r_{13.2}^2).$$

b) In a trivariate distribution,  $\sigma_1 = 2$ ,  $\sigma_2 = \sigma_3 = 4$ ,  $r_{12} = 0.9$ ,  $r_{23} = r_{31} = 0.25$ . 09

Find, i)  $r_{23.1}$ , ii)  $R_{1.23}$ , and iii)  $\sigma_{1.23}$ .

Q 5. a) Explain the Concept of Multiple & partial correlation coefficients. 06

b) In usual notations, prove that 08

$$\sigma_{1.23}^2 = \sigma_1^2 \left( \frac{\Delta}{\Delta_{11}} \right)$$

OR

Q 5. a) Based on the multiple regression study of  $X_1$  on  $X_2$  and  $X_3$ , for multiple regression coefficient prove, in usual notations, that 08

$$b_{12.3} = \left( \frac{b_{12} - b_{13} b_{23}}{1 - b_{23} b_{32}} \right)$$

b) Show that 06

$$(1) R_{1.23}^2 \leq r_{12}^2$$

$$(2) r_{12.3} r_{23.1} r_{31.2} = b_{12.3} b_{23.1} b_{31.2}$$