

Q.1 (a) Solve $y''+y=0$ by power series method. [7]

(b) State Bessel's differential equations and prove that $J_{\frac{1}{2}}(x) = J_{-\frac{1}{2}}(x) \tan x$ [7]

OR

Q.1 (a) Prove that $J_4(x) = \left(\frac{48}{x^3} - \frac{8}{x}\right)J_1(x) + \left(1 - \frac{24}{x^2}\right)J_0(x)$ [7]

(b) Express $f(x) = x^4 + 3x^3 - x^2 + 5x - 2$ in terms of Legendre's polynomial. [7]

Q.2 (a) State and prove Rodrigue's formulae. [7]

(b) Prove that $\int_{-1}^1 p_m(x)p_n(x)dx = 0$ if $m \neq n$. [7]

OR

Q.2 (a) Prove that $\frac{d}{dx}(x^{-n}J_n(x)) = x^n J_{n+1}(x)$ [7]

(b) Prove that $J_{n-1}(x) + J_{n+1}(x) = \frac{2n}{x}J_n(x)$ [7]

Q.3 (a) Solve $\frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial t^2} = c^2 \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2}$ by method of separation of variable.

[7]

(b) Solve $4\frac{\partial u}{\partial x} + \frac{\partial u}{\partial y} = 3u$ given that $u = 3e^{-y} - e^{-5y}$ when $x = 0$. [7]

OR

Q.3 (a) A tightly stretched string with fixed ends $x=0$ and $x=l$ is initially in a position

$y(x,0) = y_0 \sin^3\left(\frac{\pi x}{l}\right)$. If it released at rest from this position, find the displacement $y(x,t)$. [14]

- Q. 4 (a) Discuss with all details Lagrange's method to solve P.D.E. $Pp + Qq = R$ [7]
 (b) Solve $dx + dy + (x + y + z + 1)dz = 0$ by Natani's method. [7]

OR

- Q.4 (a) Form the partial differential equations for : (i) $z = (x + y)f(x^2 - y^2)$ [7]
 (ii) $F(x + y + z, xyz) = 0$

(b) Solve $(yz + 2x)dx + (zx + 2y)dy + (xy + 2z)dz = 0$ [7]

- Q.5 (a) Find first three approximation of I.V.P. $\frac{dy}{dx} = 2xy$, $y(0) = 1$ by Picard's method [7]

(b) Solve by direct integration (i) $\frac{\partial^2 z}{\partial x^2} = a^2 z$ [7]

(ii) $\frac{\partial^2 z}{\partial x \partial y} = \cos(3x + 2y)$

OR

Q.5 (a) Solve : $(2D^2 - 5DD' + 2D'^2)z = 5 \sin(2x + y)$
 [7]

(b) Solve : $(D^3 - 6D^2D' + 11DD'^2 - 6D'^3)z = e^{5x+6y}$ [7]